Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2021

CONTENTS

	Page
Trustees and Other Information	3
Trustees' Report	4
Trustees' Responsibilities Statement	5
Independent Auditor's Report	6-7
Income and Expenditure Account	8
Balance Sheet	9
Reconciliation of Members' Funds	10
Cash Flow Statement	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12 – 15
Supplementary Information on Income and Expenditure Account	17

TRUSTEES AND OTHER INFORMATION

David Franklin (Chair) Pamela Coulter **Trustees**

Davood Mahmoodnezhd

Jim McGing Keith Talbot

Charitable Status Number CHY 15443

Registered Charity Number 20053291

David Tumer Director

PO Box 10447 **Business Address** Glenageary

Co Dublin

Only Audit **Auditors**

Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditors 56 Lansdowne Road

Dublin 4

Solicitors Cormac O'Ceallaigh & Co

Solicitors

388 North Circular Road

Phibsborough Dublin 7

TRUSTEES' REPORT

for the year ended 31 December 2021

The trustees present their Trustees' Report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

The trust is a registered charity and reports annually to the Charities Regulator.

Principal Activities

The Trust advances the Christian faith through the support of Christians around the world in countries where the rights to religious freedom and expression are not respected.

Financial Review

The results for the financial year are set out on page 8 and additional notes are provided showing income and expenditure in greater detail.

Results and Dividends

At the end of the financial year the charity has assets of €107,849 (2020 - €101,168) and liabilities of €14,542 (2020 -€9,370). The net assets of the charity have increased by €485.

Review of the Year and Future Developments

In 2021 the trust continued to engage in advocacy and raising awareness among Christians in Ireland about the growing persecution of Christians worldwide by arranging public speaking opportunities, and meeting with Irish government officials, subject to covid-19 restrictions at times. The onset of the covid-19 pandemic in 2020 has led to a change in the activities undertaken, as well as a need to help Christians suffering new forms of persecution through discrimination in obtaining access to covid-19 reliefs.

A number of events were on-line events were organised to generate awareness, prayer and support, including a national Conference on Zoom focussing on North Korea.

Church in Chains still published extensively during the year (quarterly magazine, website, Facebook), and engaged in media interviews and on-line engagements.

During 2021 Church in Chains distributed overseas grants, totalling over €177,000, to partner organisations to support persecuted Christians mainly in Nigeria, Afghanistan, Iran, Pakistan, Eritrea and India.

At the end of the year, the trust had closing reserves after unspent grants and legacy income sufficient to cover approx. 6 months expenditure, in line with its policy. Unspent grants were for expansion and media projects which will be spent carefully in line with the grant conditions. Legacy income, not otherwise specified, is considered for both immediate gifting and longer term projects.

The charity plans to continue its current activities in the forthcoming years subject to satisfactory funding arrangements. The trust proposes to transfer its activities to a Company Limited by Guarantee subject to approval by the Charity Regulator.

Relevant audit information

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the Trust's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the Trust's auditor is unaware, and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Trust's auditor is aware of that information.

David Franklin

Trustee

Keith Talbot Trustee

TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 December 2021

The trustees are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

The trustees are required to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the trust and of the income and expenses of the trust for that period. The trustees have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the trust financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the trust will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for ensuring that the trust keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the trust, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the trust to be determined with reasonable accuracy and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Irish statute and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the trust's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the trust's auditor is unaware, and
- the trustees have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the trust's auditor is aware of that information.

David Franklin
Trustee

Date: 6 7 / 2 3

Kelth Talbot Trustee
Date: C/7/2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Trustees of Church in Chains

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Church in Chains ("the trust") for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement, and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the trust as at 31 December 2021 and of its surplus for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

We have obtained all the information and explanations that we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the trust. The financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.

In our opinion the information given in the Trustees' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the trust in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of trustees for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to the going concern and using the going concem basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the trust or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Trustees of Church in Chains

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description of auditors responsibilities for audit.pdf, The description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Tracey Byrne for and on behalf of Only Audit Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditors

56 Lansdowne Road

Ballsbridge Dublin 4

Date: 6/7/2523

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2021

Notes	2021 €	2020 €
4	289,706	302,664
	(177,730)	(184,900)
	111,976	117,764
	(111,291)	(111,208)
	685	6,556
	-	-
11	685	6,556
	4	Notes € 4 289,706 (177,730) 111,976 (111,291) 685

The trust has no recognised gains or losses other than the surplus for the year. The results for the year have been calculated on the historical cost basis. The trust's income and expenses all relate to continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2021

as at 31 December 2021		2021	2020
	Notes	€	€
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	6	737	1,561
Current Assets Debtors Cash and cash equivalents	7	107,849	34,313 66,855
		107,849	101,168
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(14,542)	(9,370)
Net Current Assets	8	93,307	91,798
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		94,044	93,359
Net Assets	,	94,044	93,359
Reserves Income and expenditure account	11	94,044	93,359
Total funds		94,044	93,359

Approved by the trustees on 6 700	223and signed on its behalf by:
Start Transel.	
David Franklin	Keith Talbot

Trustee

RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS

as at 31 December 2021

	Retained surplus	Total
	€	€
At 1 January 2020	86,803	86,803
Surplus for the year	6,556	6,556
At 31 December 2020	93,359	93,359
Surplus for the year	685	685
At 31 December 2021	94,044	94,044

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2021

Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	2021 €	2020 €
Surplus on operating activities Adjustments for:		685	6,556
Interest payable and similar charges Depreciation		824	- 824
Movements in working capital:		1,509	7,380
Movement in debtors Movement in creditors		(73,536) 5,172	(17,324) 4,945
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(66,855)	(4.999)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		-	(1,230)
Net cash generated from investment activities			(1,230)
Cash flows from financing activities			-
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		(66,855) 66,855	(6,229) 73,084
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	12		66,855

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2021

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Church in Chains is a charitable trust set up in the Republic of Ireland. The trust advances the Christian faith through the support of Christians around the world in countries where the rights to religious freedom and expression are not respected. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the trust.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the trust's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

Income

The trust's income, other than deposit interest, represents grants and donations received, and tax relief accrued thereon. The trust has been approved by Revenue for the scheme of tax relief for donations to eligible charities under Section 848A Taxes Consolidation Act 1997. Donations are recorded as they are entered into the books and records. Where a gift is designated by the donor, the trustees take measures to ensure that their request is complied with on a timely basis.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Office equipment

20% Straight Line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Balance Sheet bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the year ended 31 December 2021

Employee benefits

The trust contributes to a PRSA but does not operate a pension scheme.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income and Expenditure Account.

Taxation

No provision has been made for taxation on the basis that the trust has been granted charitable status by Revenue.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are considered to be relevant, and are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates, believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

There are no critical judgements, estimates and assumptions, except as listed below, which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying value of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Key source of estimation uncertainty: Tax reclaim.

To the extent it has not been received by the date of approval of the financial statements, the trustees have estimated the tax reclaim associated with donations received. The trustees believe the estimate is appropriate based on a review of historic claims made and received.

4. INCOME

The whole of the trust's income is derived from the principal activity of supporting Christians around the world in countries where the rights to religious freedom and expression are not respected. Legacy income, not otherwise specified, is considered for both immediate gifting and longer term projects.

5	OPERATING SURPLUS	2021	2020
٠.		€	€
	Operating surplus is stated after charging:	824	824
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS continued

for the year ended 31 December 2021

6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Office Equipment €	Total €
Cost	· ·	~
At 1 January 2021	4,119	4,119
Additions	79 <u>4</u> 1	-
Disposals		
At 31 December 2021	4,119	4,119
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2021	2,558	2,558
Disposals		***
Charge for the year	824	824
At 31 December 2021	3,382	3,382
Net book value	,	
At 31 December 2021	737	737
At 31 December 2020	1,561	1,561
95)	-	
DEBTORS	2021	2020
	€	€
Tax rebates on donations	25,045	34,233
Church in Chains (CLG)	82,342	0.,200
Prepayments	462	80
	107,849	34,313
		V

At the year end the charity's bank account is held in the name of its successor company Church in Chains (CLG), also established as a registered charity (No 20204832), and which is under the control of the trustees. The activities of the trust will be continued by this company.

8.	CREDITORS	2021	2020
(3.5)	Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
	Taxation & Social Welfare - PAYE/PRSI/USC	1,252	1,260
	Accruals	13,290	8,110
		14,542	9,370

9. AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND STATUS

The financial statements have been audited in order to meet the conditions attaching to the tax exemption status granted to the trust by the Revenue Commissioners (CHY15443). The trust is established as a registered Charity (No 20053291).

10. GENERAL FUNDS

7.

The trustees have determined that the appropriate level of general funds in reserve should be equivalent to six months' expenditure. The receipt of unexpected lump sums e.g. legacies, can cause a temporary increase (see note 4). The trustees make allocations of excess funds on a regular basis. During the financial year the trustees decided to allocate €98,900 from general funds to partner organisations to support persecuted Christians mainly in Nigeria, Afghanistan, Iran, Pakistan, Eritrea and India.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the year ended 31 December 2021

11. INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

		2021 €	2020 €
	At 1 January Surplus for the year	93,359 685	86,803 6,556
	At 31 December	94,044	93,359
12.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2021 €	2020 €
	Cash and bank balances (see Note 7)		66,855

13. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The key management personnel comprise the director and administrative staff. The total of key management compensation including employer's PRSI contributions was €82,251 (2020: €81,356).

14. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the trustees on 6 5 4 273

CHURCH IN CHAINS

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

NOT COVERED BY THE REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

THE FOLLOWING PAGES DO NOT FORM PART OF THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT** for the year ended 31 December 2021

	2021 €	2020 €
Income General funds	186,531	165,428
Designated funds	78,065	97,714
Tax rebate on donations	25,110	39,522
Tax repair on donations	20,110	
	289,706	302,664
Expenditure	·	
Designated gifts	78,830	97,774
Gift allocations from general funds	98,900	87,125
Other gifts	500	1,317
Salaries and employer's PRSI	79,441	78,716
Pension	2,810	2,640
Training	80	80
Insurance	2,074	591
Educating the Church	11,218	12,458
Printing, postage and stationery	5,229	3,826
Telephone	361	350
Subscriptions	510	900
Conference and travel expenses	1,789	1,704
Audit and accountancy	2,766	1,815
Bank charges	1,575	1,859
Website and computer expenses	671	2,686
General expenses	4 440	4 440
Office expenses	1,443	1,443 824
Depreciation	824	624
	289,021	296,108
Miscellaneous Income	8	
Bank interest		1 <u>2</u>
Net surplus	685	6,556